### AGILITY PUBLIC WAREHOUSING COMPANY K.S.C.P. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

31 MARCH 2022 (UNAUDITED)



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### REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF AGILITY PUBLIC WAREHOUSING COMPANY K.S.C.P.

### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position of Agility Public Warehousing Company K.S.C.P. (the "Parent Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") as at 31 March 2022 and the related interim condensed consolidated statement of income, interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income, interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows and interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity for the three months period then ended. The management of the Parent Company is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim condensed consolidated financial information in accordance with International Accounting Standard IAS 34: Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim condensed consolidated financial information based on our review.

### Scope of Review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim condensed consolidated financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

### **Basis for Qualified Conclusion**

As stated in Note 4 to the interim condensed consolidated financial information, the Group's investment in and loan to Korek Telecom ("Korek") is carried at KD 110,025 thousand (31 December 2021: KD 109,293 thousand and 31 March 2021: KD 109,020 thousand) and KD 35,362 thousand (31 December 2021: KD 35,169 thousand and 31 March 2021: KD 35,123 thousand) respectively, in the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2022. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence about the investment in Korek and the recoverability of the loan as at 31 March 2022 due to the nature and significant uncertainty around the investment and outcome of the arbitrations. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to the carrying value of the investment and loan to Korek was necessary.

### **Qualified Conclusion**

Based on our review, except for the possible effect of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Conclusion paragraph, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.





### **REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF AGILITY PUBLIC WAREHOUSING COMPANY K.S.C.P. (continued)**

*Emphasis of Matter* We draw attention to:

- (i) Note 11 (a) to the interim condensed consolidated financial information which describes the contingencies relating to cost reimbursable contracts with U.S. Coalition Provisional Authority ("CPA"); and
- (ii) Note 11 (b) to the interim condensed consolidated financial information which describe the contingencies and claims with the General Administration of Customs for Kuwait.

Our conclusion is not further qualified in respect of the matters set out above.

### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

Furthermore, based on our review, the interim condensed consolidated financial information is in agreement with the books of account of the Parent Company. We further report that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, we have not become aware of any violations of the Companies Law No. 1 of 2016, as amended and its Executive Regulations, as amended, or of the Parent Company's Memorandum of Incorporation and Articles of Association, as amended, during the three months period ended 31 March 2022 that might have had a material effect on the business of the Parent Company or on its financial position.

We further report that, during the course of our review, to the best of our knowledge and belief, we have not become aware of any violations of the provisions of Law No 7 of 2010 concerning the Capital Markets Authority and its related regulations during the three months period ended 31 March 2022 that might have had a material effect on the business of the Parent Company or on its financial position.

WALEED A. AL OSAIMI LICENCE NO. 68 A EY AL AIBAN, AL OSAIMI & PARTNERS

NAYEF M. AL-BAZII LICENCE NO. 91- A RSM Albazie & Co.

12 May 2022 Kuwait

# INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Audited)

As at 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

			(Audited)	
		31 March	31 December	31 March
		2022	2021	2021
	Notes	KD 000's	KD 000's	KD 000's
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment		177,117	176,452	262,577
Projects in progress		34,299	28,635	33,355
Right-of-use assets		92,649	95,213	184,132
Investment properties		437,245	434,989	398,192
Intangible assets		9,914		18,619
			11,183	
Goodwill		35,913	35,924	252,587
Investment in associates and joint ventures		101,591	105,920	103,564
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4	118,077	125,254	136,912
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	5	1,241,070	1,397,859	24,287
Other non-current assets		29,157	28,213	27,433
Loans to related parties	12	159,344	155,692	155,950
Loan to an associate	4	35,362	35,169	35,123
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Total non-current assets		2,471,738	2,630,503	1,632,731
Current assets				
		10.000	10 7/4	01 400
Inventories		19,829	18,764	21,408
Trade receivables		102,268	91,094	415,948
Other current assets		68,124	65,825	102,895
Bank balances, cash and deposits	6	119,343	99,123	167,889
Total current assets		309,564	274,806	708,140
TOTAL ASSETS		2,781,302	2,905,309	2,340,871
FOURTVAND LIADU ITIES				
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
EQUITY				
Share capital		223,011	223,011	202,737
Share premium		152,650	152,650	152,650
Statutory reserve		188,450	188,450	89,731
Treasury shares	7	(49,239)	(49,239)	(49,239)
Treasury shares reserve		44,366	44,366	44,366
Foreign currency translation reserve		(109,095)	(84,486)	(49,009)
Hedging reserve		(4,956)	(12,873)	(12,828)
Investment revaluation reserve		(254,647)	(57,372)	(2,490)
Other reserves		34,464	34,464	5,288
		and the second s	and the second se	
Retained earnings		1,586,380	1,573,610	773,502
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company		1,811,384	2,012,581	1,154,708
Non-controlling interests		51,668	46,510	50,519
Non-controlling interests		51,000	40,510	50,515
Total equity		1,863,052	2,059,091	1,205,227
LIABILITIES				
Non-current liabilities				
		23,536	22,478	43,174
Provision for employees' end of service benefits			and the second	
Interest bearing loans		449,489	408,318	360,807
Lease liabilities		86,584	88,811	142,895
Other non-current liabilities		2,518	4,846	12,589
Total non-current liabilities		562,127	524,453	559,465
Current liabilities				
Interest bearing loans		55,041	15,224	16,398
Lease liabilities		12,138	14,861	38,728
Trade and other payables		281,067	283,706	512,854
Dividends payable		7,877	7,974	8,199
Total current liabilities		356,123	321,765	576,179
Total liabilities		918,250	846,218	1,135,644
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		2,781,302	2,905,309	2,340,871

Tarek Abdul Aziz Sultan Vice Chairperson and CEO

### INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

For the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

		Three months ended 31 March	
	Notes	2022 KD 000's	2021 KD 000's
CONTINUING OPERATIONS	0	122.000	107.070
Revenue from contract with customers Cost of revenues	8	132,088 (64,944)	107,979 (49,768)
Net revenues		67,144	58,211
General and administrative expenses Salaries and employee benefits		(11,032) (20,106)	(13,412) (18,173)
Share of results of associates and joint ventures		(4,113)	329
Revaluation loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividend income		(2,874) 4,774	(8,261)
Miscellaneous income		113	1,054
Profit before interest, taxation, depreciation, amortisation and Directors'		22.004	10 749
remuneration (EBITDA) Depreciation		33,906 (8,160)	19,748 (7,991)
Amortisation		(1,184)	(1,222)
Profit before interest, taxation and Directors' remuneration (EBIT)		24,562	10,535
Interest income Finance costs		163 (5,660)	156 (5,180)
Profit before taxation and Directors' remuneration		19,065	5,511
Taxation	9	(2,109)	(899)
Directors' remuneration		(88)	(35)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		16,868	4,577
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS Profit after tax from discontinued operations	16	-	12,090
	10		
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		16,868	16,667
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Parent Company			
Profit for the period from continuing operations		12,770	904
Profit for the period from discontinued operations			11,737
		12,770	12,641
Non-controlling interests		4.000	0.670
Profit for the period from continuing operations Profit for the period from discontinued operations		4,098 -	3,673 353
		4,098	4,026
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		16,868	16,667
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE – ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT COMPANY (fils)	10	6.07	6.01
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS – ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT COMPANY (fils)	10	6.07	0.43

# INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

		nths ended Iarch
	2022 KD 000's	2021 KD 000's
Profit for the period	16,868	16,667
<b>Other comprehensive (loss) income:</b> <i>Items that are or may be reclassified to consolidated statement of income in subsequent periods:</i>		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(24,527)	(11,630)
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures	225	354
(Loss) gain on hedge of net investments	(2,122)	1,910
Gain on cash flow hedges	9,814	8,079
Net other comprehensive loss that are or may be reclassified to consolidated statement of income in subsequent periods	(16,610)	(1,287)
<i>Items that will not be reclassified to the consolidated statement of income:</i> Changes in fair value of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(197,275)	-
Net other comprehensive loss that will not be reclassified to consolidated statement of income	(197,275)	
Total other comprehensive loss	(213,885)	(1,287)
Total comprehensive (loss) income for the period	(197,017)	15,380
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Parent Company Non-controlling interests	(201,197) 4,180 (197,017)	11,702 3,678 15,380

### INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

2021 KD 000's

> 5,511 15,381

20,892

383 2,899

(61)

(329)

8,261

(1, 340)

18,276

1,251

(166)

6,167

56,233 1,780

(55,179)

(1,842)

45,295 46,287

(3,376)

(2,649)

40,262

932

197 (16,996)

(3) (6,343)

(5,385)

(126)78

(225)(3,060)

(48,784)

24,823

(13, 375)

(5, 110)

(1,056)

5,175

(1,865)

(5, 212)

168,896

163,684

74,036

86,093

6

(107)

(6,397)

(11,456)

		Three mont 31 Ma	
	-	2022	2021
1	lote	KD 000's	KD 000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before taxation and Directors' remuneration from continuing operations		19,065	14
Profit before taxation and Directors' remuneration from discontinued operations		-	15
Profit before taxation and Director's remuneration		19,065	20
Adjustments for:			
Expected credit losses on trade receivables		442	
Provision for employees' end of service benefits Foreign currency exchange gain		1,299 (469)	2
Share of results of associates and joint ventures		4,113	
Revaluation loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		2,874	8
Dividend income		(4,774)	
Miscellaneous income		(113)	(1
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets		8,160	18
Amortisation Interest income		1,184 (163)	]
Finance costs		5,660	e
Operating profit before changes in working capital		37,278	56
Inventories		(1,008)	1
Trade receivables		(6,065)	(55
Other current assets		(427)	(]
Trade and other payables		(4,891)	
		24,887	46
Taxation paid		(1,908)	(3
Directors' remuneration paid Employees' end of service benefits paid		(5) (243)	(2
Employees end of service benefits paid		(243)	
Net cash flows from operating activities		22,731	4(
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Net movement in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		537	
Net movement in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Additions to property, plant and equipment		(62,515) (2,879)	(6 (11
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		(2,879) 98	(1)
Loans to related parties		(3,512)	(16
Additions to intangible assets		-	,
Additions to projects in progress		(5,932)	(6
Additions to investment properties		(1,600)	(5
Dividends received		5,721	
Acquisition of a subsidiary, net of cash acquired Interest income received		- 58	
Net movement in other non-current assets		(130)	
Net movement in deposits with original maturities exceeding three months		(8,163)	(3
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(78,317)	(48
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Net movement in interest bearing loans		78,420	24
Payment of lease obligations		(7,079)	(13
Finance cost paid		(3,617)	(5
Dividends paid to equity holders of the Parent Company		(97)	
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		-	(1
Net cash flows from financing activities		67,627	4
Net foreign exchange differences		16	(1
NET INCOEASE (DECOEASE) IN CASH AND CASH EOUN AT ENTE		12 057	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		12,057	(5

Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January

#### CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31 MARCH

# Agility Public Warehousing Company K.S.C.P. and Subsidiaries INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

•	Attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company												
	Share capital KD 000's	Share premium KD 000's	Statutory reserve KD 000's	Treasury shares KD 000's	Treasury shares reserve KD 000's	Foreign currency translation reserve KD 000's	Hedging reserve KD 000's	Investment revaluation reserve KD 000's	Other reserves KD 000's	Retained earnings KD 000's	Sub total KD 000's	Non- controlling interests KD 000's	Total equity KD 000's
As at 1 January 2022 Profit for the period Other comprehensive (loss) income	223,011	152,650	188,450 - -	(49,239)	44,366 - -	(84,486) - (24,609)	(12,873) - 7,917	(57,372) (197,275)	34,464 - -	1,573,610 12,770 -	2,012,581 12,770 (213,967)	46,510 4,098 82	2,059,091 16,868 (213,885)
Total comprehensive (loss) income for the period Dividends to non-controlling interests Acquisition of a subsidiary	 - -			 - -	 - -	(24,609)	7,917	(197,275)		12,770	(201,197)	4,180 (209) 1,187	(197,017) (209) 1,187
As at 31 March 2022	223,011	152,650	188,450	(49,239)	44,366	(109,095)	(4,956)	(254,647)	34,464	1,586,380	1,811,384	51,668	1,863,052
As at 1 January 2021 Profit for the period Other comprehensive (loss) income	202,737	152,650 - -	89,731 	(49,239)	44,366	(37,727)	(23,171)	(2,490)	5,288	760,861 12,641	1,143,006 12,641 (939)	48,175 4,026 (348)	1,191,181 16,667 (1,287)
Total comprehensive (loss) income for the period Dividends to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	(11,282)	10,343	-	-	12,641	- 11,702	3,678 (1,334)	15,380 (1,334)
As at 31 March 2021	202,737	152,650	89,731	(49,239)	44,366	(49,009)	(12,828)	(2,490)	5,288	773,502	1,154,708	50,519	1,205,227

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

### 1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Agility Public Warehousing Company K.S.C.P. (the "Parent Company") is a Kuwaiti shareholding company incorporated in 1979 and listed on Boursa Kuwait and Dubai Stock Exchange. The address of the Parent Company's Head office is Sulaibia, beside Land Customs Clearing Area, P.O. Box 25418, Safat 13115, Kuwait. The Group operates under the brand name of "Agility".

The interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") was authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 12 May 2022.

The main objectives of the Parent Company are as follows:

- Construction, management and renting of all types of warehouses.
- ▶ Warehousing goods under customs' supervision inside and outside customs areas.
- ▶ Investing the surplus funds in investment portfolios.
- Participating in, acquiring or taking over companies of similar activities or those that would facilitate achieving the Parent Company's objectives inside or outside Kuwait.
- All types of transportation, distribution, handling and customs clearance for goods.
- Customs consulting, customs automation, modernisation and decision support.

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

The interim condensed consolidated financial information does not include all of the information and disclosures required for complete financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included in the interim condensed consolidated financial information. Operating results for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending 31 December 2022.

Certain comparative information has been represented to conform to current period presentation and reflect the adjustments made for discontinued operations of the Parent Company. These reclassifications do not affect the previously reported assets, liabilities, equity and profit for the period.

### 3 NEW STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS ADOPTED BY THE GROUP

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial information are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021, except for the adoption of new standards effective as of 1 January 2022. The Group has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Several amendments and interpretations apply for the first time in 2022, but do not have an impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group.

### **Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract – Amendments to IAS 37**

An onerous contract is a contract under which the unavoidable costs (i.e., the costs that the Group cannot avoid because it has the contract) of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it.

The amendments specify that when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making, an entity needs to include costs that relate directly to a contract to provide goods or services include both incremental costs (e.g., the costs of direct labour and materials) and an allocation of costs directly related to contract activities (e.g., depreciation of equipment used to fulfil the contract as well as costs of contract management and supervision). General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract.

The Group applied the amendments to the contracts for which it had not fulfilled all of its obligations at the beginning of the reporting period.

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

## 3 NEW STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS ADOPTED BY THE GROUP (continued)

### Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract – Amendments to IAS 37 (continued)

These amendments had no impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group as there were no onerous contracts outstanding within the scope of these amendments arisen during the period.

### Reference to the Conceptual Framework – Amendments to IFRS 3

The amendments replace a reference to a previous version of the IASB's Conceptual Framework with a reference to the current version issued in March 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments add an exception to the recognition principle of IFRS 3 Business Combinations to avoid the issue of potential 'day 2' gains or losses arising for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets or IFRIC 21 Levies, if incurred separately. The exception requires entities to apply the criteria in IAS 37 or IFRIC 21, respectively, instead of the Conceptual Framework, to determine whether a present obligation exists at the acquisition date.

The amendments also add a new paragraph to IFRS 3 to clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date.

These amendments had no impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group as there were no contingent assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities within the scope of these amendments arisen during the period.

### Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use – Amendments to IAS 16

The amendment prohibits entities from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment, any proceeds of the sale of items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognises the proceeds from selling such items, and the costs of producing those items, in profit or loss.

These amendments had no impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group as there were no sales of such items produced by property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented.

## IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards – Subsidiary as a first-time adopter

The amendment permits a subsidiary that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of IFRS 1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported in the parent's consolidated financial statements, based on the parent's date of transition to IFRS, if no adjustments were made for consolidation procedures and for the effects of the business combination in which the parent acquired the subsidiary. This amendment is also applied to an associate or joint venture that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of IFRS 1.

These amendments had no impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group as it is not a first-time adopter.

### IFRS 9 Financial Instruments - Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities

The amendment clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf. There is no similar amendment proposed for IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

These amendments had no impact on the interim condensed consolidated financial information of the Group as there were no modifications of the Group's financial instruments during the period.

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

### 4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	31 March 2022 KD 000's	(Audited) 31 December 2021 KD 000's	31 March 2021 KD 000's
Investment in an associate - outside Kuwait Quoted equity securities – outside Kuwait Convertible loan – outside Kuwait Unquoted equity securities - in Kuwait Investment in funds - outside Kuwait	110,025 7,276 - 21 755	109,293 10,112 4,539 21 1,289	109,020 24,988 607 21 2,276
	118,077	125,254	136,912

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During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group (through its wholly owned subsidiary, a Venture Capital Organisation) jointly with France Telecom acquired 44% equity interest in Korek Telecom L.L.C. ("Korek Telecom"), a limited liability company incorporated in Iraq, via a joint company owned 54% by the Group and 46% by France Telecom. As a result, the Group owns 23.7% indirect interest in Korek Telecom.

The investment in Korek Telecom has been classified as an investment in an associate as the Group exercises significant influence over financial and operating policies of Korek Telecom. As this associate is held as part of Venture Capital Organization's investment portfolio, it is carried in the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position at fair value. This treatment is permitted by IAS 28 "Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures" which allows investments held by Venture Capital Organisations to be accounted for at fair value through profit and loss in accordance with IFRS 9, with changes in fair value recognised in the interim condensed consolidated statement of income in the period of change.

As at 31 March 2022, interest bearing loan provided by the Group to Korek Telecom amounted to KD 35,362 thousand (31 December 2021: KD 35,169 thousand and 31 March 2021: KD 35,123 thousand) (Note 12).

### Korek Litigation

In February 2017, the Group filed a request for arbitration against the Republic of Iraq pursuant to Article 36 of the Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes between States and Nationals of Other States ("ICSID"), and Article 10 of the Agreement between the Government of the State of Kuwait and the Government of the Republic of Iraq for Reciprocal Promotion and Protection of Investments (the "2015 BIT"). The arbitral claim arises from a series of actions and inactions of the Iraqi government, including its regulatory agency Communications & Media Commission ("CMC") relating to an alleged decision by the CMC to annul the previous written consent granted in connection with the Group's investment in Korek Telecom, as well as the CMC's order to transfer the shares acquired by the Group back to the original Iraqi shareholders (which was implemented in March 2019). Without limitation, the Group's claims relate to Iraq's failure to treat the Group's investment of over USD 380 million fairly and equitably, its failure to accord the Group with due process, as well as the indirect expropriation of that investment, each in breach of the 2015 BIT. On 24 February 2017, the Group's request for arbitration was formally registered with ICSID. The arbitration tribunal was formally constituted on 20 December 2017 and an initial procedural hearing was held on 31 January 2018.

The Group's memorial was submitted on 30 April 2018. On 6 August 2018, Iraq submitted objections to jurisdiction and requested that they be determined as a preliminary matter before the case proceeds further on the merits. The tribunal bifurcated the proceedings on 31 October 2018 and the Group submitted its counter-memorial on jurisdiction on 10 January 2019. The reply of the respondents was submitted on 25 February 2019 and the Group's rejoinder was submitted on 21 March 2019. The hearings were held on 24 and 25 April 2019. On 9 July 2019, the tribunal issued its decision on jurisdiction in which it found that it had jurisdiction over certain (but not all) of the Group's claims. The case will now go forward on the merits of the claims over which the tribunal has jurisdiction. The Respondent's counter-memorial was submitted on 13 March 2020. The Group's Reply to Respondent's Counter-Memorial was submitted on 17 July 2020. The hearings on the merits were held in October 2020, and post-hearing submissions were submitted in November 2020.

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

### 4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (continued)

### Korek Litigation (continued)

On 22 February 2021, the tribunal issued its ruling, dismissing all of the Group's claims and awarding costs of approximately USD 5 million in favor of the respondent. On 28 May 2021, the Group filed an application to annul the award with ICSID which was formally registered on 4 June 2021. On 22 September 2021, ICSID constituted a committee to adjudicate the Group's application to annul the award. The committee convened on 22 November, 2021 and issued a procedural timetable for the proceedings on 24 November 2021. In accordance with the procedural timetable, the Group submitted its Memorial on 22 December 2021. Iraq's Counter-Memorial was submitted on 22 April 2022.

As the tribunal refused to address the merits of the regulatory decision itself as issued by the CMC expropriating the Group's investment in Korek, claiming lack of jurisdiction, the Group prepared a fresh claim against the Republic of Iraq.

On 31 May 2021, Alcazar Capital Limited ("Alcazar"), a subsidiary of the Group, filed a claim in Kuwait against the Kurdistan Regional Government, a political subdivision of the Government of Iraq, under the terms of a sovereign guarantee in respect of the Group's investment. On 24 January 2022, the Court of First Instance dismissed Alcazar's claims on the basis that, among other things, Alcazar had failed to prove that it had extended the USD 250 million loan to Korek over which it was seeking damages under the sovereign guarantee. On 16 February 2022, Alcazar appealed the judgment to the Kuwait Court of Appeal. On 19 April 2022 the Court of Appeal issued a judgment in favor of Alcazar awarding damages of USD 490 million against the Kurdistan Regional Government, together with interest of 7% p.a. up to the date of satisfaction of the amount. The Group is now in the process of enforcing this award.

As the dispute remains pending without legal resolution and in the absence of clarity, the financial impact of this case cannot be assessed.

In conjunction with the foregoing claims related to Korek Telecom, Iraq Telecom Limited ("IT Ltd.") (in which the Group holds an indirect 54% stake) commenced the following proceedings:

### Shareholders Agreement Arbitration

On 4 June 2018, IT Ltd. commenced ICC arbitration proceedings against Korek International (Management) Ltd ("CS Ltd") and Mr. Sirwan Saber Mustafa. The dispute is in relation to various contractual breaches by the respondents under a shareholders' agreement relating to the Parent Company's investment in Korek Telecom. The amount in dispute is to be determined during the course of the proceedings.

The request for arbitration was submitted on 4 June 2018, and the respondents' reply was submitted on 10 September 2018. IT Ltd. filed an amended request for arbitration on 15 January 2019 and the tribunal was constituted on 29 March 2019. IT Ltd's Statement of Claim was submitted on 28 August 2019 and CS Ltd's Statement of Defense was submitted on 22 January 2020. On 10 July 2020, IT Ltd. discontinued the proceedings on a without prejudice basis.

New proceedings were commenced with similar claims were nonetheless filed by IT Ltd., both for itself and on behalf of International Holdings Ltd ("IH"). and Korek Telecom, against CS Ltd. and Mr. Sirwan Saber Mustafa. On 25 August 2020, IT Ltd. filed its second amended (and current) request for arbitration for itself and in the name and on behalf of International Holdings Ltd. The tribunal has been constituted, and IT Ltd.'s application to pursue derivative claims on behalf of International Holdings Ltd. and Korek Telecom was submitted in December 2020.

The tribunal held a preliminary hearing in February 2021 to adjudicate IT Ltd.'s application to bring derivative claims on behalf of International Holdings Ltd (including whether the tribunal has jurisdiction over such an application). By order dated 16 March 2021, the Tribunal granted IT Ltd. permission to file most of the derivative claims at issue. On 23 April 2021, IT Ltd. submitted its Statement of Claim on the merits. The parties are holding hearings on the merits between 8 and 16 May 2022.

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

### 4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (continued)

### Korek Litigation (continued)

▶ IBL Subordination Agreement Arbitration: Arbitration proceedings against IBL Bank SAL, Korek Telecom and International Holdings Ltd.

The dispute is in relation to alleged fraud orchestrated by certain Korek Telecom stakeholders with the knowledge and cooperation of IBL Bank in connection with a subordination agreement relating to a USD 150 million loan extended by IBL Bank to Korek Telecom. The amount in dispute is to be determined during the course of the proceedings. The request for arbitration was submitted on 26 June 2018, and the respondents' reply and counterclaim was submitted on 8 October 2018. The counterclaim seeks damages for losses (still unquantified) allegedly suffered by the respondents in relation to their reputation and good standing. IBL's answer and counterclaim was submitted on 8 November 2018. Korek's and IH's answer was submitted on 14 December 2018. The tribunal was constituted on 15 May 2019. IT Ltd.'s Statement of Claim was submitted on 22 November 2019, and respondents' Statements of Defense were submitted on 21 February 2020. IT Ltd.'s Reply was filed on 22 July 2020. IBL's Rejoinder and Reply to Defence to Counterclaim and IH/Korek's Rejoinder were filed on 23 October 2020. The hearings were convened in February 2021.

On September 24, 2021, the Tribunal issued its award granting in full IT Ltd.'s claim to render as null and void the subordination agreement relating to the USD 150 million loan extended by IBL Bank to Korek Telecom. The Tribunal agreed with IT Ltd. that all of the respondents, including IBL Bank, had engaged in a deliberate and intentional deception of IT Ltd. The counterclaims of the respondents were rejected in their entirety. In addition to the avoidance of the subordination agreement, IT Ltd. was awarded legal costs in the amount of US 3 million.

As a result of this award, on 12 November 2021, IT Ltd. filed a Request for Arbitration against Korek Telecom, in order to enforce its debt claim of more than USD 285 million (plus default interest) bringing the total claim to USD 828 million, against IH, as debtor, and Korek Telecom, as guarantor. Korek Telecom filed its reply on 24 January 2022. An arbitral tribunal is now in the process of being constituted.

Separately as well, IT Ltd. filed a Request for Arbitration against IBL Bank on January 7, 2022, seeking damages for the fraud that was adjudicated in the previous arbitration. IBL Bank's Reply was submitted on 7 April 2022. The tribunal is now in the process of being constituted.

### ▶ DIFC Director Claims

On 12 March 2018 IT Ltd. commenced proceedings in the courts of the Dubai International Financial Centre ("DIFC") against certain directors of International Holdings Limited (the holding company of Korek in which IT Ltd. holds a 44% interest). The defendant directors are Abdulhameed Aqrawi, Nozad Jundi and Raymond Zina Rahmeh. The claim alleges breach of the defendants' duties as directors of International Holdings. IT Ltd. is in the process of effecting service of the claims in Lebanon and Iraq.

In February 2021, IT Ltd. became aware that one of the defendants, Abdulhameed Aqrawi, had died. IT Ltd., therefore, decided to discontinue claims against Mssrs. Aqrawi and Junde and to concentrate its claims on Mr. Rahmeh.

A separate proceeding against Mr. Rahmeh was filed in respect of his personal instances of self-dealing. Mr. Rahmeh was validly served with the claim in CFI-019-2018 in Lebanon on 6 February 2020 and a certificate of service was issued by the DIFC Court on 13 February 2020.

Permission for IT to bring the derivative claim for and on behalf of IH against Mr. Rahmeh was granted by the DIFC Court on 11 May 2020, subject to the condition that IT is to file a schedule of breach, loss and causation (which has been done). Efforts were made to serve Mr. Rahmeh with the Schedule of Particulars and other recent documents via diplomatic service, but ultimately failed. Per the orders of the Court, the Schedule of Particulars must be served before further steps are taken in the proceedings. IT Ltd therefore applied for and was granted on 17 Jun 2021 permission to serve Mr. Rahmeh with the Schedule of Particulars and other documents by alternative means (e.g. email and courier to various affiliates of Mr. Rahmeh). Service by the alternative methods was effected, and, subsequently, on December 16, 2021, a judgment against Mr. Rahmeh was issued in the amount of USD 71.3 million plus costs and interest. On 27 December 2021, the DIFC court granted permission for the judgement to be served on Mr. Rahmeh by way of alternate service. Alternative service was effected, and IT is now in the process of enforcing the judgement sum plus costs.

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

### 4 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (continued)

### Korek Litigation (continued)

### ► DIFC Director Claims (continued)

Separately, on 5 September 2017, Modern Global Company for General Trading of Equipment, Supplier for Construction and Real Estate WLL (a wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent Company) commenced arbitration proceedings against Korek Telecom in relation to Korek's alleged failure to pay servicing fees due to Modern Global under a services agreement. On 20 March 2019, Modern Global was awarded its full claim, interest and legal costs, amounting to approximately USD 4.5 million. The Group is currently in the process of enforcing the award against Korek Telecom. As part of the enforcement process, Modern Global sought leave to make alternative service on Korek. A hearing before the DIFC Court regarding the grant of alternative service was convened on 9 February 2021. The DIFC Court issued its judgment on 9 May 2021 pursuant to which Modern Global was wholly successful on the appeal. Consequently, Modern Global is now taking active steps to enforce the USD 5 million award against Korek in the UAE and Iraq. In April 2022, an amount of approximately USD 1.1 million was obtained from certain Korek assets in the United Arab Emirates.

As a result of the ongoing litigation relating to Korek, the Group's management was unable to determine the fair value of this investment and the recoverability of interest bearing loan as at 31 March 2022, 31 December 2021 and 31 March 2021. Accordingly, the investment is carried at its fair value as at 31 December 2013 of USD 359 million equivalent to KD 110,025 thousand (31 December 2021: KD 109,293 thousand and 31 March 2021: KD 109,020 thousand).

### 5 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	(Audited)	
31 March 2022 KD 000's	31 December 2021 KD 000's	31 March 2021 KD 000's
1,199,624	1,370,796	10,602
2,814	2,798	2,794
38,632	24,265	10,891
1,241,070	1,397,859	24,287
	2022 KD 000's 1,199,624 2,814 38,632	31 March 31 December   2022 2021   KD 000's KD 000's   1,199,624 1,370,796   2,814 2,798   38,632 24,265

### 6 BANK BALANCES, CASH AND DEPOSITS

	31 March 2022 KD 000's	(Audited) 31 December 2021 KD 000's	31 March 2021 KD 000's
Cash at banks and on hand	81,374	71,097	135,708
Short term deposits	4,719	2,939	27,976
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>	86,093	74,036	163,684
Deposits with original maturities exceeding 3 months	33,250	25,087	4,205
	119,343	99,123	167,889

Short term deposits are placed for varying periods, depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group and earn interest at the respective short term deposit rates.

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

### 7 TREASURY SHARES

	(Audited)				
	31 March 2022	31 December 2021	31 March 2021		
Number of treasury shares	125,220,262	125,220,262	113,830,690		
Percentage of issued shares	5.61%	5.61%	5.61%		
Market value in KD 000's	138,368	118,333	81,844		

### 8 **REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS**

The following presents the disaggregation of the Group's revenue from contracts with customers:

	Three months ended 31 March		
	2022	2021	
	KD 000's	KD 000's	
Logistics services	58,864	50,678	
Rent	19,532	15,882	
Ground handling and airport services	16,932	12,343	
Others	36,760	29,076	
	132,088	107,979	
Timing of revenue recognition			
Goods and services transferred at a point in time	103,722	89,753	
Goods and services transferred over time	28,366	18,226	
Total revenue from contracts with customers	132,088	107,979	
Geographical markets			
Middle East	85,974	75,517	
Africa	34,570	24,423	
America	3,624	1,437	
Europe	6,503	5,020	
Asia	1,417	1,582	
Total revenue from contracts with customers	132,088	107,979	

### 9 TAXATION

	Three months ended 31 March		
	2022 KD 000's	2021 KD 000's	
National labour support tax (NLST) Contribution to Kuwait Foundation for the Advancement of Sciences (KFAS)	380 135	331 132	
Zakat Taxation on overseas subsidiaries	135 1,459	132 304	
	2,109	899	

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

### 10 BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of outstanding shares during the period as follows:

	Three months ended 31 March			
	2022	2021		
Profit for the period from continuing operations attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company (KD 000's) Profit for the period from discontinued operations attributable to equity holders	12,770	904		
of the Parent Company (KD 000's)	-	11,737		
	12,770	12,641		
	Shares	Shares		
Number of paid up shares Weighted average number of treasury shares		2,230,107,155 (125,220,262)		
Weighted average number of outstanding shares	2,104,886,893	2,104,886,893		
Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company (fils): Continuing operations Discontinued operations	6.07	0.43 5.58		
Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Parent				

As there are no outstanding dilutive instruments, the basic and diluted earnings per share are identical.

### 11 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Company (fils):

The Group has contingent liabilities and capital commitments at the reporting date as follows:

	31 March 2022 KD 000's	(Audited) 31 December 2021 KD 000's	31 March 2021 KD 000's
Letters of guarantee*	152,578	144,599	166,932
Operating lease commitments	297	3,379	2,887
Capital commitments	30,111	31,850	20,412
	182,986	179,828	190,231

6.07

6.01

\*Included in letters of guarantee are bank guarantees of KD 30,651 thousand (31 December 2021: KD 30,651 thousand and 31 March 2021: KD 30,651 thousand), provided by a bank on behalf of the subsidiary "Global Clearing House Systems K.S.C. (Closed)" to the General Administration of Customs in the State of Kuwait. These guarantees are issued by the bank on a non-recourse basis to the Group.

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

### 11 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS (continued)

The Group (Parent Company along with its subsidiary UPAC) and a related party are part of an arrangement to construct and develop a commercial mall in UAE ("project). The Group currently has an equity interest of 19.87% (31 December 2021: 19.87% and 31 March 2021: 19.87%) and has also extended interest bearing loan facilities to the project (Note 12). The Parent Company has provided corporate guarantees for the project amounting to KD 98,401 thousand (31 December 2021: KD 97,106 thousand and 31 March 2021: KD 38,838 thousand) and an undertaking for the completion of the mall within an agreed time frame.

### Legal claims

### (a) PCO Contract

From 2004 through 2008, the Parent Company performed a PCO Contract, which was a cost-plus-fixed-fee contract with the Coalition Provisional Authority ("CPA") for logistics services supporting reconstruction in Iraq, including warehousing, convoys and security.

On 23 April 2011, the Parent Company submitted a Certified Claim for approximately USD 47 million that the US Government owes the Parent Company in connection with the PCO Contract. The Contracting Officer denied the Parent Company's Certified Claim on 15 December 2011, and the Parent Company appealed the denial to the Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals ("ASBCA"). Separately, the US Government had claimed that the Parent Company owed USD 80 million in connection with the PCO Contract and sought repayment of the same. The Parent Company appealed the US Government's demand for repayment to the ASBCA and the appeals were consolidated.

On 26 August 2013, the US Government moved to dismiss the ASBCA appeals for lack of jurisdiction. The ASBCA granted the US Government's motion to dismiss on 9 December 2014. The Parent Company appealed to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit on 8 April 2015. On 16 April 2018, a panel of the Federal Circuit affirmed the ASBCA's decision dismissing the Parent Company's appeals for lack of jurisdiction.

Following the Federal Circuit decision, on 21 September 2018, the Parent Company filed an amended complaint in a pending matter involving the PCO Contract in the Court of Federal Claims ("COFC"), seeking, among other things, a return of USD 17 million previously offset by the US Government (described further below), as well as a declaratory judgment that the US Government may not withhold amounts legally owed by the US Government to the Parent Company based on the Parent Company's purported debt under the PCO Contract. This matter was consolidated with the DDKS matter as detailed below.

As referenced above, the US Government offset USD 17 million from another contract held by the Parent Company (the DDKS contract), in connection with its purported claim related to the PCO contract (the "DDKS offset"). On 3 July 2017, the Parent Company submitted a Certified Claim under the DDKS contract, seeking payment of the DDKS offset plus interest. In a letter, on 1 September 2017, the Contracting Officer notified the Parent Company that she was holding its Certified Claim in abeyance. Following the Federal Circuit decision discussed above, the Parent Company filed a complaint seeking the return of the DDKS offset plus interest (the "DDKS Matter").

On 21 September 2018, the Parent Company filed an amended complaint in the DDKS Matter. On 3 December 2018, the Parent Company filed a Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings, as well as a motion to consolidate the DDKS matter with the still-pending COFC matter described above. On 6 December 2018, the court granted the Parent Company's motion to consolidate. On 17 December 2018, the US Government filed a Motion to Dismiss in the DDKS matter. On 28 December 2018, the Parent Company filed its reply to the US Government's motion. The reply of the US Government was filed on 14 February 2019 and a hearing was held on 28 February 2019. On 9 May 2019, the Court of Federal Claims issued an opinion granting judgment for the US Government in the amended PCO complaint and dismissed the DDKS Matter for lack of jurisdiction. The Parent Company appealed both decisions to the Federal Circuit on 14 May 2019, which the court then consolidated. The briefing of the appeal was completed on 16 September 2019 and the oral argument was heard on 5 February 2020.

On 12 August 2020, the Federal Circuit issued an opinion remanding the PCO complaint to the Court of Federal Claims for an evaluation of the merits of the US Government's offset determination as well as a determination of whether proper procedures were followed as required by law.

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

### 11 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS (continued)

### Legal claims (continued)

### (a) PCO Contract (continued)

On 31 August 2020, Agility sought panel rehearing on a minor, technical point, which the panel denied. On 18 September 2020, the US Government filed a motion seeking an extension of time to file a combined petition for panel rehearing and rehearing en banc until 12 November 2020. The Court granted that motion on 21 September 2020.

The US Government ultimately did not file a petition for panel rehearing or rehearing by 12 November 2020, and the following week, on 19 November 2020, the Federal Circuit issued the mandate remanding the matter to the Court of Federal Claims.

Once the matter was remanded to the Court of Federal Claims, the case was reassigned to a new judge who set a status conference for 17 December 2020. Prior to the status conference, counsel for the US Government reached out to counsel for the Parent Company to discuss a potential settlement in light of the remand from the Federal Circuit. Based on the conversation, the parties entered a joint status report requesting that the court stay the matter while the parties explore the possibility of a settlement. On 14 December 2020, the court granted the parties' request and ordered the matter be stayed until 17 May 2021. For the same reason, the parties filed a stipulation to continue the stay on May 17, 2021. The court granted the parties' request, and, pursuant to various extensions granted by the Court, the matter will remain stayed until May 17, 2022. During the stay, settlement discussions have continue to negotiate final terms after which counsel for the US Government will seek the requisite approvals, a process that will take some time to complete.

Additionally, on September 14, 2016, the Group filed a PCO related lawsuit under the administrative procedure Act in the U.S District court for the district of Columbia ("DDC"). This matter remains stayed as per the Court's May 14, 2021 Minute Order, which stayed the matter pending resolution of the related proceedings before the court of Federal Claims.

Despite inherent uncertainty surrounding these cases, no provision is recorded by the management in the interim condensed consolidated financial information. The Parent Company (after consulting the external legal counsel) is not able to comment on the likely outcome of the cases.

### (b) Guarantee encashment

A resolution was issued by the General Administration of Customs for Kuwait ("GAC") to cash a portion, amounting to KD 10,092 thousand of the bank guarantee submitted by Global Clearing House Systems K.S.C. (Closed) ("GCS"), a subsidiary of the Parent Company, in favour of GAC in relation to performance of a contract. Pursuant to this resolution, GAC called the above guarantee during the year ended 31 December 2007.

GCS appealed the above resolution at the Court of First Instance and the latter issued its judgment in favour of GCS and ordered GAC to pay an amount of KD 58,927 thousand as compensation against the non-performance of its obligations under the contract, and KD 9,138 thousand towards refunding of the guarantee encashed earlier, together with an interest of 7% per annum on these amounts to be calculated from the date the judgment becomes final.

GCS appealed the judgment before the Court of Appeal requesting an increase in compensation. GAC also filed an appeal No. 1955 / 2014 Administrative 4 before the Court of Appeal. On 13 September 2015, the Court of Appeal pronounced its judgement affirming the decision of the Court of First Instance. Both GCS and GAC appealed against this ruling before the Kuwait Court of Cassation in appeals No. 148, 1487 for the year 2015. On 15 March 2017, the Court of Cassation resolved to defer the appeal to the experts. On 7 May 2018, the experts committee issued a report affirming the Company's right for the claimed compensation.

On 11 May 2022, this matter was finally resolved with the issuance of this judgment in respect of Appeals Nos. 1955 and 1923 for year 2014, Administrative/4 by the Court of Cassation, where the court ordered the GAC to refund an amount of KD 5,561 thousand to GCS out of the original amount of encashed guarantee. The said appeals resolved, otherwise, to uphold the appealed judgment, which ordered the second defendant, "the Director General of the General Administration of Customs in his capacity," to pay to the plaintiff "GCS" an amount of KD 68,065 thousand in addition to the legal interest of 7% annually from the date this judgment becomes final.

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

### 11 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS (continued)

### Legal claims (continued)

(b) Guarantee encashment (continued)

In addition to the above, there are other legal disputes between GCS and GAC. Both the parties have filed various claims and counter claims that are currently pending in the courts. The Group's in-house counsel believes that these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Group's the interim condensed consolidated financial information.

In addition to the above, the Group is involved in various incidental claims and legal proceedings. The legal counsel of the Group believes that these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the interim condensed consolidated financial information.

### 12 RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Related parties represent major shareholders, directors and key management personnel of the Group, and entities which they control or over which they exert significant influence. Pricing policies and terms of these transactions are approved by the Group's management.

Transactions and balances with related parties are as follows:

				Three mo 31 M	onths ended arch
	Major shareholders KD 000's	Other related parties KD 000's	2022 Total KD 000's	2021 Total KD 000's	
Interim condensed consolidated statement of income					
Revenues	7	111	118	658	
General and administrative expenses	(32)	-	(32)	(36)	
Share of results of associates and joint ventures	(5,099)	986	(4,113)	329	
Finance costs	-	(8)	(8)	(14)	

	Major shareholders KD 000's	Other related parties KD 000's	31 March 2022 Total KD 000's	(Audited) 31 December 2021 Total KD 000's	31 March 2021 Total KD 000's
Interim condensed consolidated					
statement of financial position					
Investment in associates and joint ventures	22,041	79,550	101,591	105,920	103,564
Financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss (Note 4)	-	110,025	110,025	109,293	109,020
Amounts due from related parties	267	1,216	1,483	1,426	1,569
Loans to related parties	-	159,344	159,344	155,692	155,950
Loan to an associate (Note 4)	-	35,362	35,362	35,169	35,123
Amounts due to related parties	415	4,379	4,794	4,547	7,023

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

### 12 RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

Loans to related parties include KD 158,876 thousand (31 December 2021: KD 152,478 thousand and 31 March 2021: KD 152,966 thousand) provided to a joint venture representing amounts advanced by a subsidiary of the Group towards the construction and development of a Commercial Mall in UAE ("Project"). This amount bears compounded annual interest rates as per the loan agreement and can be converted to equity in the project on completion of construction subject to the project achieving certain operational targets and upon the discretion of the Group.

### Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors (executives) and other members of key management during the period were as follows:

		Three months ended 31 March	
	2022 KD 000's	2021 KD 000's	
Short-term benefits (Key management) Accrual for committees services (Board of directors)	153 88	411 88	
Accrual for remuneration to board of directors		35	
	329	534	

### 13 DIVIDEND AND BONUS SHARES

On 24 March 2022, the Board of Directors of the Parent Company recommended distribution of cash dividends of 20 fils per share (31 December 2020: 10 fils per share) and bonus shares of 20% (31 December 2020: 10%) for the year ended 31 December 2021. This proposal is subject to the approval by the shareholders at the Annual General Assembly of the Parent Company, which is scheduled to take place on 16 May 2022.

### 14 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group, following the disposal of its operating segment Global Integrated Logistics (GIL) (Note 16) in the previous year, reorganized its management reporting and has determined the following as its major operating segments effective 1 January 2022.

### Controlled entities:

This segment comprises of business units that are controlled by the group and hence consolidated in its financial statements. The entities that are part of this segment provides services that include real estate, fuel logistics, airplane ground handling and cleaning services, cargo and lounge management, customs operations and management, construction and remote site services, customs consulting and waste recycling.

### Investments:

The segment comprise of business units that holds the group's non-controlling interests in various sectors. These investments comprises of both listed and unlisted equity securities and convertible loans.

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

### 14 SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

×	Controlled		Adjustments and	
Three months ended 31 March 2022	entities KD 000's	Investments KD 000's	eliminations KD 000's	Total KD 000's
<b>Revenues</b> <b>Continuing operations:</b> External customers	132,088	-	-	132,088
Total revenues	132,088			132,088
Profit before interest, taxation, depreciation, amortisation and Directors' remuneration (EBITDA)	36,643	(2,737)		33,906
Depreciation Amortisation	(8,160) (1,184)	-	-	(8,160) (1,184)
Profit before interest, taxation and Directors' remuneration (EBIT)	27,299	(2,737)	-	24,562
Three months ended 31 March 2021 Revenues	Controlled entities KD 000's	Investments KD 000's	Adjustments and eliminations KD 000's	Total KD 000's
Continuing operations: External customers Inter-segment	107,979 2,213	-	(2,213)	107,979
Total revenues	110,192	-	(2,213)	107,979
Profit before interest, taxation, depreciation, amortisation and Directors' remuneration (EBITDA)	27,976	(8,228)	-	19,748
Depreciation Amortisation	(7,991) (1,222)	-	 -	(7,991) (1,222)
Profit before interest, taxation and Directors' remuneration (EBIT)	18,763	(8,228)		10,535

Inter-segment transactions and balances are eliminated upon consolidation and reflected in the "adjustments and eliminations" column. The Group's financing (including interest income and finance costs) and taxation is managed on a Group basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

The following table presents segment assets and liabilities of the Group's operating segments as at 31 March 2022, 31 December 2021 and 31 March 2021.

	Controlled entities KD 000's	Investments KD 000's	Adjustments and eliminations KD 000's	Total KD 000's
As at 31 March 2022 Total assets	1,818,823	1,656,287	(693,808)	2,781,302
Total liabilities	918,598	693,460	(693,808)	918,250

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

### 14 SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

As at 21 December 2021 (Audited)	Controlled entities KD 000's	Investments KD 000's	Adjustments and eliminations KD 000's	Total KD 000's
As at 31 December 2021 (Audited) Total assets	1,711,435	1,804,173	(610,299)	2,905,309
Total liabilities	845,395	611,122	(610,299)	846,218
As at 31 March 2021 Total assets	2,945,620	443,211	(1,047,960)	2,340,871
Total liabilities	1,726,779	456,825	(1,047,960)	1,135,644

### 15 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in orderly transactions between market participants at the measurement date.

### Determination of fair value and fair value hierarchy:

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair values of financial instruments:

- Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in an active market for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: other techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are not based on observable market data.

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

·	Level 1 KD'000	Level 2 KD'000	Level 3 KD'000	Total fair value KD'000
31 March 2022				
Financial assets measured at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Investment in an associate		-	110,025	110,025
Quoted equity securities	7,276	-	-	7,276
Unquoted equity securities	-	-	21	21
Investment in funds	-	755	-	755
Loans to related parties	-	-	159,344	159,344
Loan to an associate	-	-	35,362	35,362
	7,276	755	304,752	312,783
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Quoted equity securities	1,199,624	-	-	1,199,624
Unquoted equity securities	-	-	41,446	41,446
	1,199,624	-	41,446	1,241,070
Derivative financial assets				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	-	(41)	-	(41)
Interest rate swaps	-	15,489	-	15,489
		15,448		15,448
	1,206,900	16,203	346,198	1,569,301

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

### 15 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

	Level 1 KD'000	Level 2 KD'000	Level 3 KD'000	Total fair value KD'000
31 December 2021 (Audited) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss				
Investment in an associate	-	-	109,293	109,293
Quoted equity securities	10,112	-	-	10,112
Convertible loan Unquoted equity securities	-	-	4,539 21	4,539 21
Investment in funds	-	1,289	-	1,289
Loans to related parties Loan to an associate	-	-	155,692 35,169	155,692 35,169
	10,112	1,289	304,714	316,115
Financial assets measured at fair value				
through other comprehensive income Quoted equity securities	1,370,796	-	-	1,370,796
Unquoted equity securities	-	-	27,063	27,063
	1,370,796	-	27,063	1,397,859
Derivative financial assets		(84)		(94)
Forward foreign exchange contracts Interest rate swaps	-	5,932	-	(84) 5,932
		5,848		5,848
	1,380,908	7,137	331,777	1,719,822
31 March 2021				
Financial assets measured at fair value				
<i>through profit or loss</i> Investment in an associate	-	-	109,020	109,020
Quoted equity securities	24,988	-	-	24,988
Convertible loan	-	-	607 21	607 21
Unquoted equity securities Investment in funds	-	2,276	- 21	2,276
Loans to related parties	-	-	155,950	155,950
Loan to an associate	-		35,123	35,123
	24,988	2,276	300,721	327,985
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Quoted equity securities	10,602	-	-	10,602
Unquoted equity securities	-	-	13,685	13,685
	10,602	-	13,685	24,287
Derivative financial assets				
Forward foreign exchange contracts Interest rate swaps	-	(264) 5,904	-	(264) 5,904
		5,640		5,640
	35,590	7,916	314,406	357,912

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

### 15 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

There were no transfers between the fair value hierarchies during the period.

The Group's management was unable to determine the fair value of the investment in an associate and the recoverability of interest bearing loan as at 31 March 2022, 31 December 2021 and 31 March 2021 due to certain inherent uncertainties and accordingly the investment and related loan is carried at its fair value as at 31 December 2013 (Note 4).

Fair values of unquoted equity securities classified as fair value through other comprehensive income are determined using valuation techniques that are not based on observable market prices or rates.

The following table below shows a reconciliation of the opening and the closing amount of level 3 financial assets measured at fair value:

	31 March 2022 KD'000	(Audited) 31 December 2021 KD'000	31 March 2021 KD'000
As at 1 January	331,777	298,870	298,870
Re-measurement recognised in consolidated statement of comprehensive income Others including net purchases (sales), transfer and	-	136	-
exchange difference	14,421	32,771	15,536
As at the reporting date	346,198	331,777	314,406

### 16 DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

In the prior year, the Parent Company sold 100% of its equity interest in its operating segment "Global Integrated Logistics (GIL)" to DSV A/S ("DSV") for a total consideration of KD 1,474,059 thousand resulting in a gain after tax of KD 897,435 thousand. The sale consideration was received in the form of allotment of 19,304,348 shares in DSV, which is classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The results of discontinued operations included in the interim condensed consolidated statement of income of the group are as follows:

	Three months ended 31 March	
	2022 KD 000's	2021 KD 000's
Revenues Expenses	-	378,844 (363,463)
Profit before taxation Taxation	-	15,381 (3,291)
PROFIT AFTER TAX FOR THE PERIOD FROM DISCOINTINUED OPERATIONS	-	12,090

As at and for the period ended 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

### 17 TRANSANCTIONS AFTER REPORTING DATE

The Group owns 19% equity interest in John Menzies PLC (Menzies) with a carrying value of KD 41,737 thousands. Further, the Group has submitted an offer to acquire the remaining 81% equity interest in Menzies for a consideration of KD 185 million. The above offer was approved by the Board of Directors of Menzies during the period. The closing of the transaction is subject to the approval of shareholders of Menzies and regulatory authorities. The transaction is expected to be completed in the third quarter of 2022.

The Parent Company also through one of its subsidiaries signed an agreement to acquire 51% equity interest in HG Storage International Limited for a consideration of KD 65 Million. The closing of this transaction is expected to be completed in the second quarter of 2022.